The Coexistence Co-Op

A joint project of The Peregrine Fund and Lion Landscapes

Improving coexistence between people and wildlife in northern Kenya







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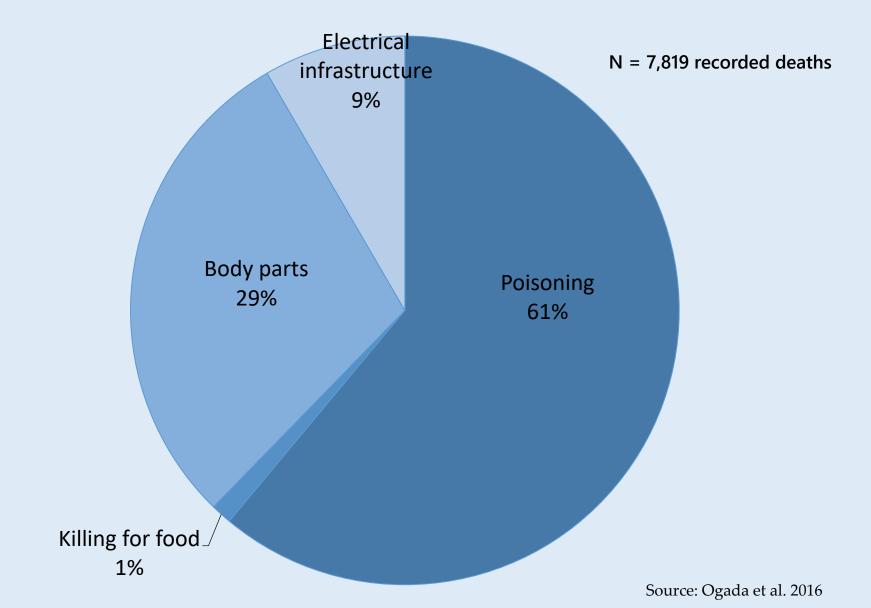


October 2015 IUCN uplisted 6 species of African Vulture

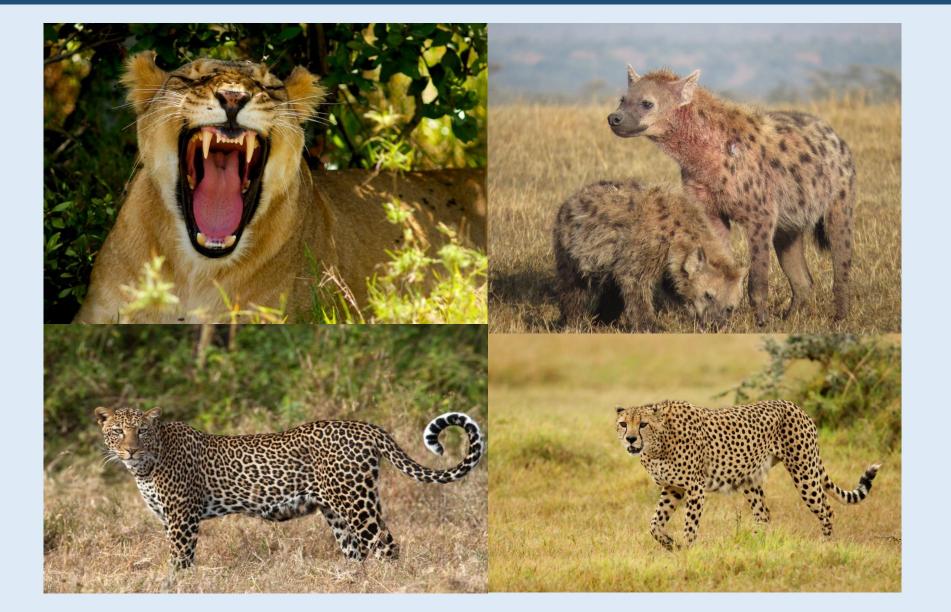


7 out of 11 species are endangered or critically endangered one species is likely extinct

Biggest direct threats to African vultures



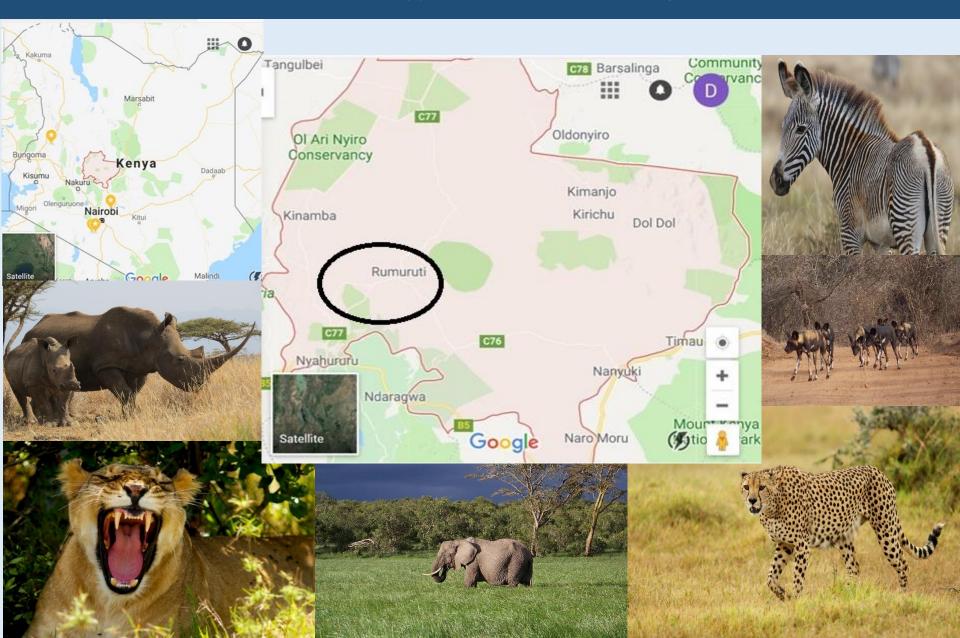
Human-predator Conflict



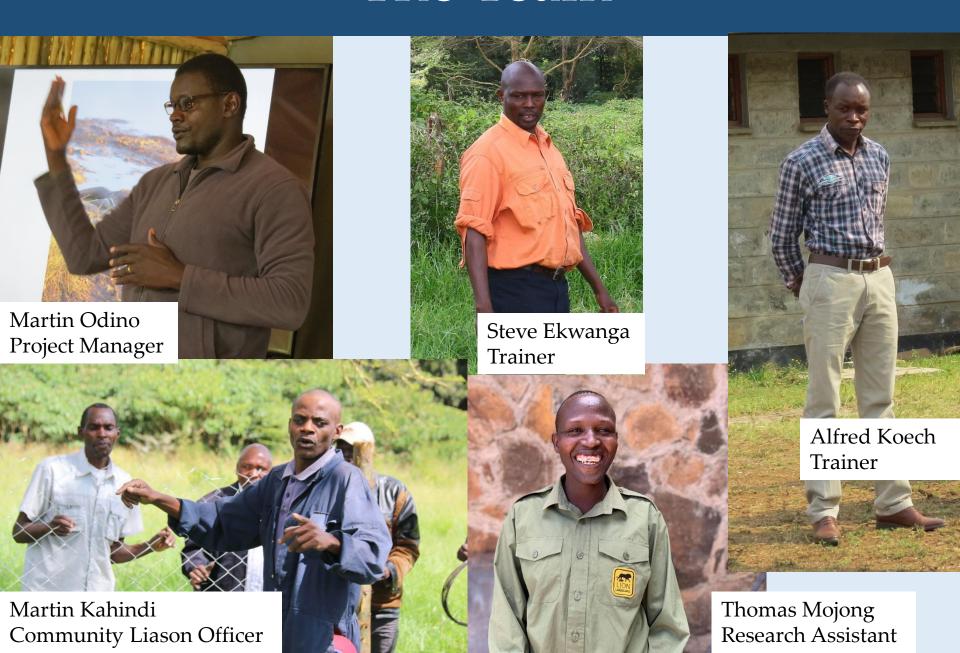
Objectives

- 1) Reduce human-predator conflict
- 2) Reduce poisoning incidents that are often triggered by human-wildlife conflict
- 3) Secure important buffer zones and areas of connectivity with lion populations further north

Laikipia County



The Team



Coexistence Training

Poisoning Awareness

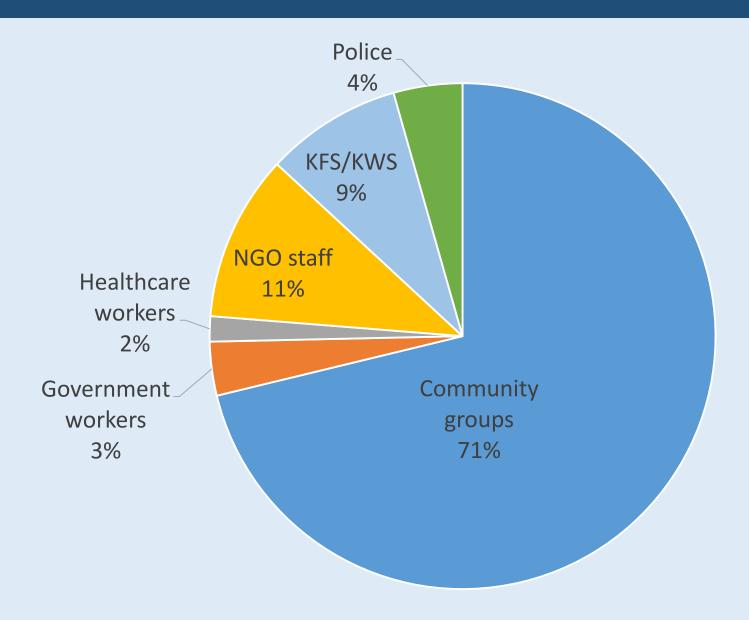
Began in June 2017 One-day, 15 participants

Topics covered:

- Hazards associated with using poisons and secondary poisoning
- Signs and symptoms of wildlife poisoning
- Basic information on chemicals commonly used
- Personal safety and basic equipment required
- Decontaminating a poisoning site



Focal groups



Coexistence Training

Livestock Management

Began June 2018

One-day, 15 participants

Topics covered:

- Building better bomas (livestock corrals)
- Improving daytime herding practices
- Improving livestock management

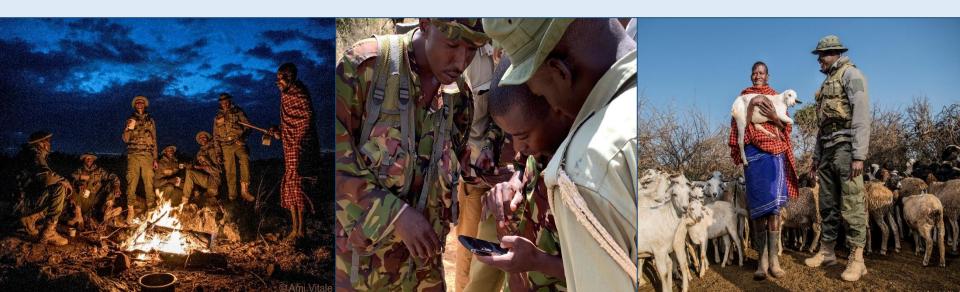




Lion Rangers Programme

Helping livestock communities to co-exist with lions

- Train and equip a unit of selected National Police Reserves (NPR) on each ranch
- Prevent or respond quickly to incidences of human-carnivore conflict, including potential poisonings
- Serve as ambassadors by supporting and engaging neighbouring communities in conservation activities
- Collect data using latest technology in the form of SMART on mobile phones



Training Results

1235 Individuals Trained 85 Groups

931 Poisoning Awareness 304 Livestock Management



Poisoning Awareness

- 4 incidents where trainees have intervened to stop wildlife poisoning, including 2 lion prides, vultures and Grey-crowned Cranes
- 58% of our groups train others in their communities
- The team has intervened in one case of suicide and to save 10 poisoned cows
- 13 poisoning incidents involving 24 animals (mostly dogs) where trainees either burned or buried the carcasses



Boma Construction

Minimum of 10 built thus far





Government Involvement

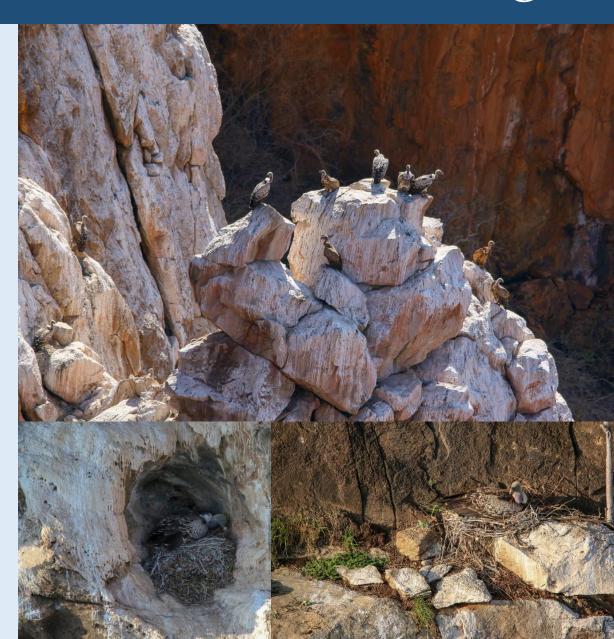


Vulture Research & Monitoring

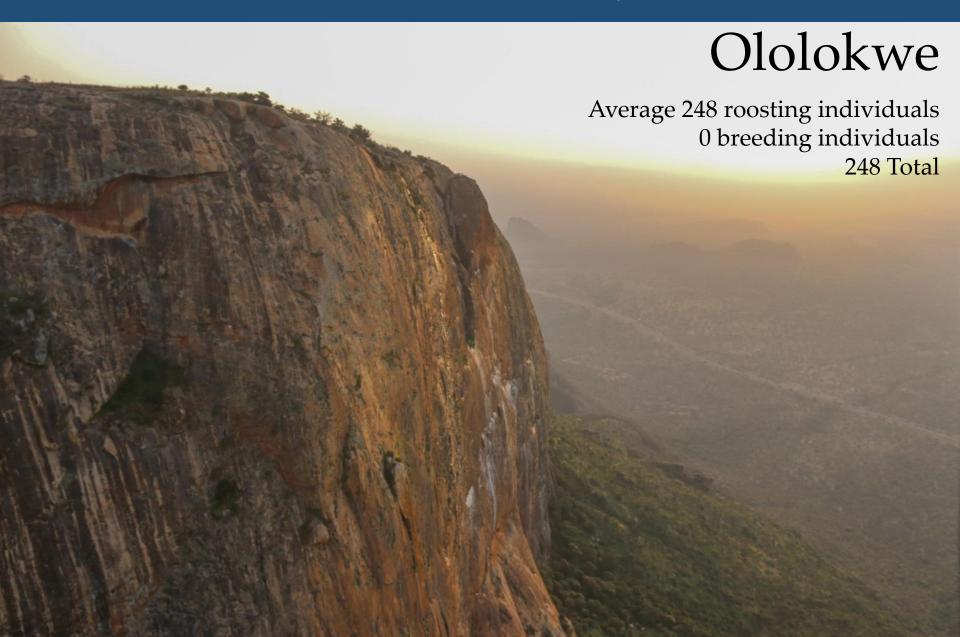
Aerial Surveys

Objectives

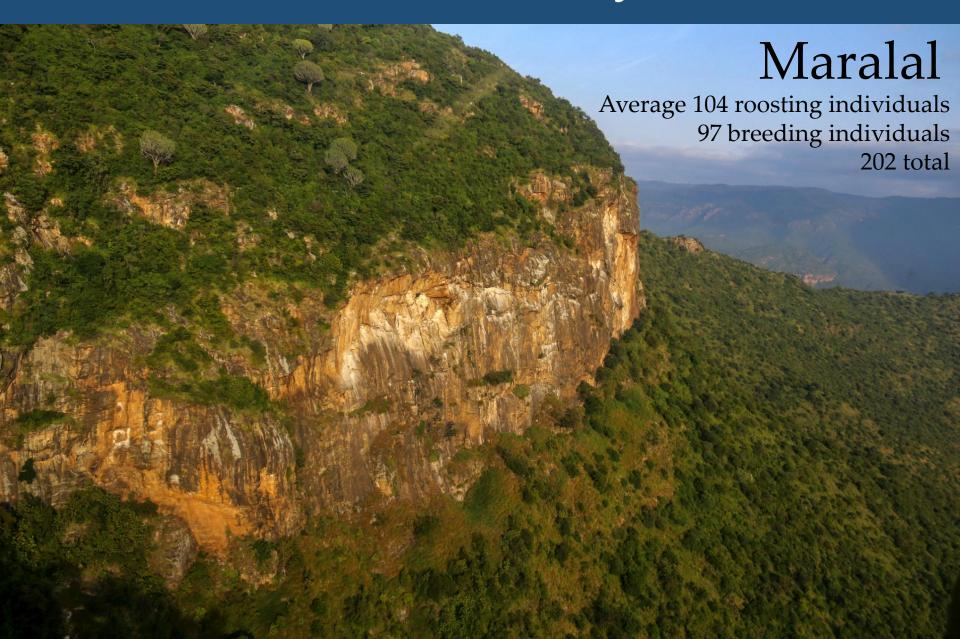
- Quantifying Rüppell's Vultures at active and extinct breeding cliffs throughout Kenya
- Estimating total population size of Rüppell's Vultures in Kenya
- Monitoring annual breeding success at three large colonies in Samburu County



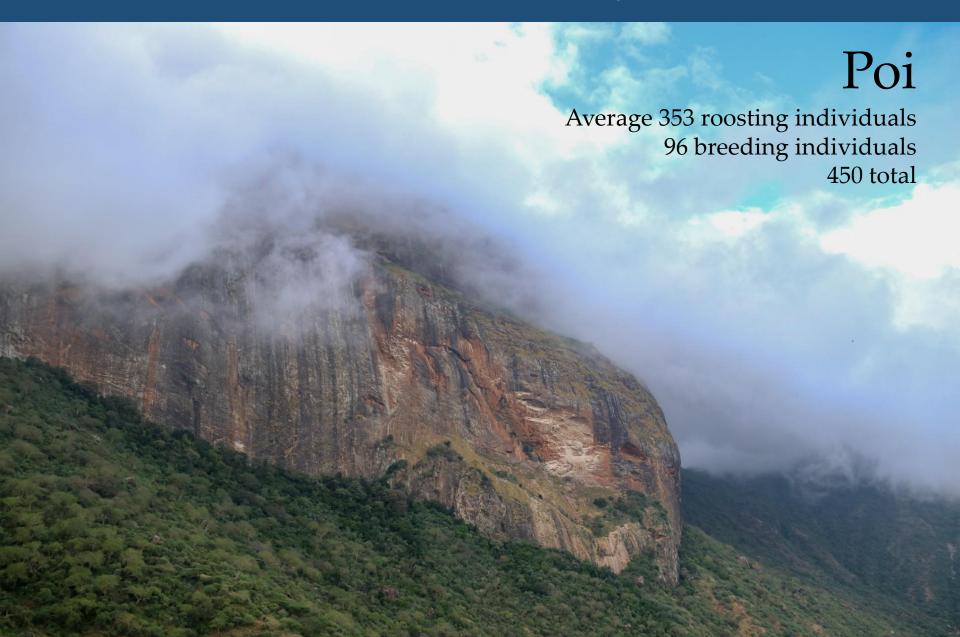
Aerial Surveys



Aerial Surveys



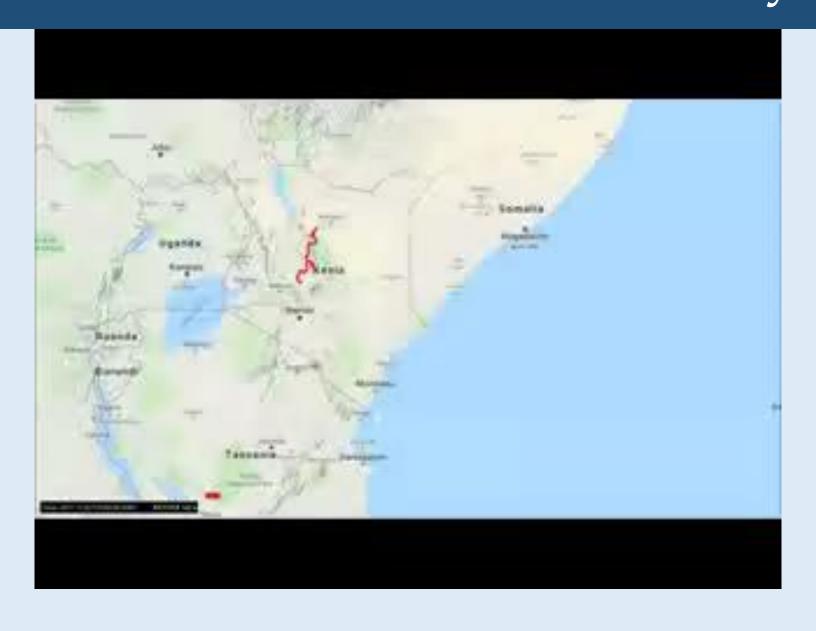
Aerial Surveys



Vulture Tagging

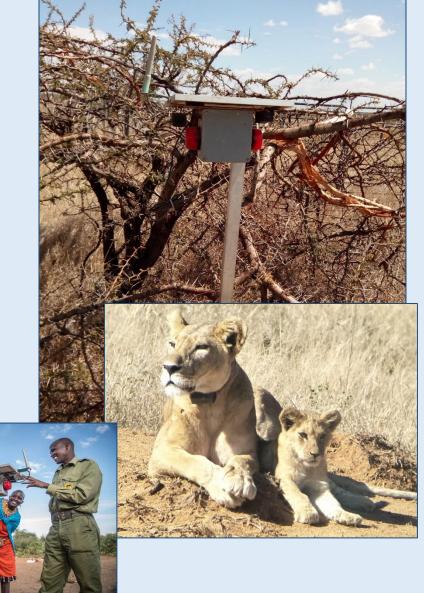


Vulture movement over 40 days



Collaring for Coexistence

- Monitoring real-time lion movements via a mobile phone app, allowing herders to keep livestock safe from lions
- Virtual fences that warn when lions enter areas where there is high risk of conflict
- Alarms that detect the approach of collared lions and warn livestock guards
- Devices that scare away large carnivores using noise & flashing lights



Building Wildlife Toxicology Capacity in E. Africa

Objectives

- Improve collection, storage and transport of suspected poisoned wildlife samples
- Improve analytical methodology for testing samples using various equipment, primarily GC-MS and LC-MS
- Improve interpretation of lab test results and explore options for field-based test kits

Target laboratories: Two Kenyan universities, KWS, Government Chemist, also one lab each from Uganda, Tanzania and Ethiopia

Trainers: Dr. Raphael Mateo, Institute for Game and Wildlife Research, Spain

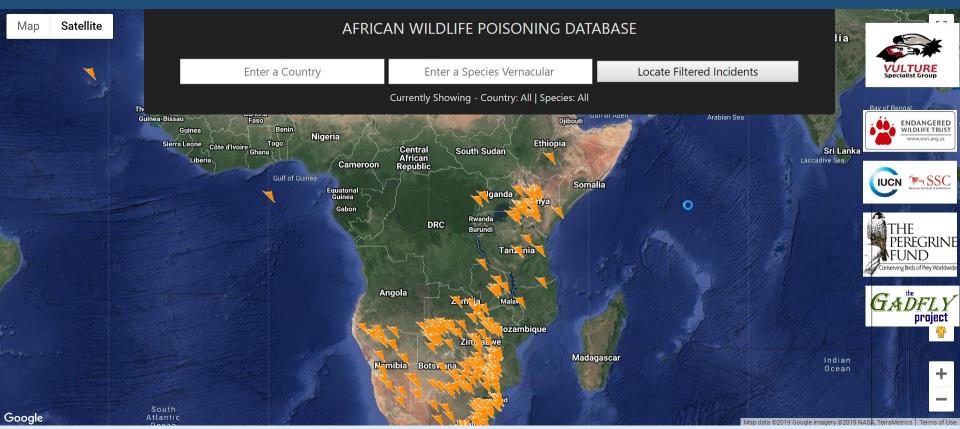
Dr. Ngaio Richards, Working Dogs for Conservation, Montana





African Wildlife Poisoning Database

africanwildlifepoisoning.org



- Contains records of 451 poisoning incidents involving 15085 mortalities of 59 wildlife and 4 domestic species
- Majority of mortalities were in East Africa (n = 7636), closely followed by southern Africa (n = 7399)
- Largest number of mortalities for a single species have been recorded for White-backed Vultures (n = 4763)

Developing Capacity

Martin Odino Msc. University of Exeter, U.K.

Identifying poisoning hotspots and key conservation areas for critically endangered vultures in northern Kenya



Breeding success and population trends of raptors in the Athi Plains, Kenya

Harry Taylor, PhD., Massey University, New Zealand

Blood lead concentrations and their conservation consequences in Kenya's Vulture populations

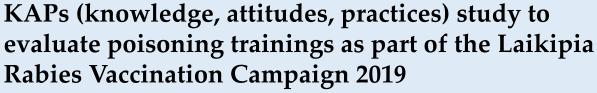




Collaborative Projects

Exposure of vultures to anthrax in Kenya, and their role as sentinels for a lethal bacterial zoonosis in endangered wildlife, livestock and humans

Dr. James Hassell, Global Health Program, Smithsonian Conservation Biology Institute



Dr. Adam Ferguson, Chicago Field Museum and Dr. James Hassell



Strategic Environmental Assessment for Wind Power and Biodiversity in Kenya

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The Biodiversity Consultancy, Nature Kenya, The Peregrine Fund, and BirdLife International

Thank you!

Current supporters and local partners

National Geographic

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Detroit Zoological Society

Bowling for Rhinos

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Lion Recovery Fund

Ol Pejeta Conservancy

Loisaba Conservancy

Northern Rangelands Trust

Lewa Conservancy

Suiyan, Mugie and Sosian Ranches

Kenya Choppers

Ewaso Lions

Kenya Wildlife Service

National Museums of Kenya

University of Oxford WildCRU

Savannah Tracking

Save The Elephants

Will's Africa Trust

Tusk Trust

The Nature Conservancy

Key organizational collaborators
San Diego Zoo Global
Living with Lions





Photo S. Kapila

